# 2019 CERTIFICATION JUN 18 AM 9: 50

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

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			c Water System	Name		
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			munity Water S			
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	Customers were informed of a	vailability of (	CCR by: (Attac	h copy of pu	blication, wate	r bill or other)
	□ Advertise	ment in local p	aper (Attach c	opy of adver	tisement)	
	☐ On water	bills <i>(Attach c</i>	opy of bill)			
	□ □ Email me	ssage (Email t	he message to	the address	below)	
	□ □ Other					
	Date(s) customers were info	rmed:/_	/2020	/ /2	020	/ /2020
X	CCR was distributed by U.S	S. Postal Serv	ice or other d		y. Must specif	y other direct delivery
	Date Mailed/Distributed:	117/20	10_			
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	CCR was published in local n	ewspaper. (Att	ach copy of pu	blished CCR	or proof of pu	blication)
	Name of Newspaper:				21.11	
	Date Published:/					
	CCR was posted in public pla	ces. (Attach lis	t of locations)		Date Posted:	/ / 2020
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Nan	ame/Title (Board President, Mayor, O	vner, Admin. Co.	ntact, etc.)			Date

Submission options (Select one method ONLY)

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

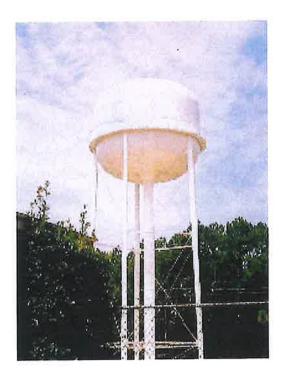
Fax: (601) 576 - 7800

\*\*Not a preferred method due to poor clarity \*\*

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2020!

# OCEAN BEACH JACKSON COUNTY, Mississippi PWS ID NO. MS0300113

## 2019 Annual Water Report



#### **DEFINITIONS**

In the table below you will find many terms and abbreviations you may not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms, we've provided the following definitions

Non-Detects (ND)- laboratory analysis indicates that the constituent is not present.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/L) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter (ug/L) - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Positive samples/month— Number of samples taken monthly that were found to be positive.

NA-Not applicable.

NR-Monitoring not required, but recommended

Action Level (AL) - the concentration of a contaminant, that if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - a treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking

Maximum contaminant level (MCL) - the "Maximum Allowed" MCL is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCL's are set as close to the MCLG's as feasible, using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum contaminant level goal (MCLG) - the "Goal" is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to human health. MCLG's allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum residual disinfectant level (MRDL) - the highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for confrol of microbial contaminants.

Maximum residual disinfectant level goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLG's do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

PREPARED BY
UTILITY SERVICES, INC
8717 EDGEWATER BLVD
OCEAN SPRINGS, MS 39564

#### OCEAN BEACH CCR Jackson County, Mississippi Public Water Supply I.D. No. MS0300113

The Water We Drink - Utility Services, LLC is pleased to present our Annual Water Quality Report for the year 2019. This report is designed to Inform you about the quality of your water and the services we deliver to you every day.

Is My Water Safe? Yes, last year your tap water met all U.S. EPA and state drinking water standards. Utility Services diligently safeguards its water supplies and once again we are proud to report that our system has not violated a maximum contaminant level (MCL) or any other drinking water quality standards.

Do I need to take any special precautions? Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/Alds or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk for infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care provides. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

Where does my Water come from? The water sources for Ocean Beach are as follows: Well 0300113-04, Willow St, Miocene Aquifer, Well 0300113-03 Apple St, Wiocene Aquifer.

Source Water Assessment and its availability - A Source Water Assessment Plan (SWAP) is available from the Mississippi State Department of Health for this system. This Plan is an assessment of a delineated area around our listed source through which contaminants, if present, could migrate and reaches our source water. It also includes an inventory of potential sources of contamination within the delineated area, and a determination of the water supply's susceptibility to contamination by the identified potential sources.

Illihy there are contaminants is my Drinking Water? Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water pose a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Safe Drinking Water Holline (800-426-4791). The sources of drinking water (both tap and bottled) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbiat contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife. Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems; and radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production, and mining activities. In order to ensure that your tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public beauth

How can I get involved? In order to maintain a safe and dependable water supply, we sometimes need to make improvements that will benefit all our customers. If you have a particular question about your water supply, please contact Aaron Dominey @ 1-855-340-0111.

Additional Information for Lead - If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The Ocean Beach Water supply is responsible for providing high quality drinking water but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Holline or at <a href="https://www.epa.gov/safewater.lead">https://www.epa.gov/safewater.lead</a>. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact (601) 576-7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

Wonitoring & Reporting of Compliance Data Violations - We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not your drinking water meets health standards.

Beginning January 1, 2004, the Mississippi State Department of Health (MSDH) required public water systems that use chlorine as a primary disinfectant to monitoritest for chlorine residuals as required by the Stage 1 Disinfection By-Products Rule. We did complete the monitoring requirements and found no Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) violations.

	I Downton Doulan	Range (LowHigh)	MCLRAA*	Units	RAA Date	RAA Your Water	Typical Source	
Residuals	Sampling Period	transfer francisco de la constante de la const		0.90	Water additive used to control microbes			
Chlorine	Jan-Dec 2019	0.73 .96	4.0	mg/L	2010	0.00		

The water system was tested a minimum of one (1) monthly sample in accordance with the Total Coliform Rule. During the monitoring period covered by this report, the following detections were noted: There were NO positive bacteriological samples during the monitoring period of January 1st to December 31st, 2019.

In the table below, we have shown the drinking water contaminants that were detected. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing. The EPA or the State required us to monitor for certain contaminant less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently.

DPB Contaminants	MCL	UNIT	Your Water	Violation	Typical Source By-product of drinking
Trihalomethanes, Total (TTHM)	80	ppb	78.6	No	water disinfection
Haloacetic Acids, Total (HAA5)	60	ppb	43.0	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection

#### INORGANIC COMPOUNDS

ID	ANALYTE NAME	METHOD	RESULT	MCL	DATE
1010	BARIUM	200.8	0.0063 PPM	2 PPM	06/2017
1025	FLUORIDE	300.0	0.585 PPM	4 PPM	06/2017

### URANIUM RESULTS FROM MSDH LAB AND GROSS ALPHA AND RADIUM 226/228 FROM EEA/RADIATION SAFETY LAB

ID O	ANALYTE NAME	METHOD	RESULT	CSII	MCL	DATE
4002	GROSS ALPHA, INCL RADON & U	00-02	0.8 PCVL	0.20	15 PCI/L	08/2015-12/2015
4002	RADIUM-226	903.1	0.6 PCI/L	0.10	5 PCVL	12/5015
4010	COMBINDED RADIUM	2268228	0.6 PCI/L	0.00	5 PCVL	12/2015

DBP Contaminants	MCL	Unit	Your Water	Violation	HEALTH EFFECTS
LEAD	15 MG/L	PPB	1	No	Corrosion of Household Plumbing systems; erosion of Natural Deposits
COPPER	1.3 MG/L	PPM	0.1	No	CORROSION OF HOUSEKOLD PLUMBING BYSTEMS; EROSION OF INTURAL DEPOSITS; LEACHING OF FRO WOOD PRESERVATIVES

Thank you for allowing us to continue to provide your family with clean, quality safe drinking water this year. In order to maintain a safe and dependable water supply, we sometimes need to make improvements that will benefit all of our customers. Please call our office if you have any questions.